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# SECTION 1: Designation of the substance or mixture and of the company

# **1.1 Product identifier**

Trade name:DosenemulsionUFI:MS20-K035-5003-0ERA

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses

# advised against

Relevant identified use:Asphalt rehabilitation, sewer manhole rehabilitationUses advised against:No data available

# 1.3 Details of the supplier providing the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/supplier: Company VIALIT ASPHALT GesmbH & Co KG Reiterstrasse 78 A - 5280 Braunau/ Inn

Telephone: +43 (0)7722/ 62977 - 0 Fax: +43 (0)7722/ 65758

Department providing information: Laboratory department, telephone: +43 (0)7722/ 62977 - 44; Qualitaet@vialit.at This number is only manned during office hours.

1.4 Emergency information For Austria: Poisoning Information Centre, telephone: +43 (0)1/4064343

# SECTION 2: Possible hazards 2.1 Classification according to Regulation 1272/2008/EG (CLP)

Special hazard warnings:

H-sets: H315 H319 H412 EUH208

P-sets: P273 P280 P303+P361+P353 P305+P351+P338

# Other information

Full text of the codes, hazard statements and EU hazard statements in SECTION 16.



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# 2.2 Labelling elements (Regulation 1272/2008/EC (CLP))

Signal word	: Attent	ion
H-phrases:	H315 H319 H412 EUH208	Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful for water organisms, with long-term effect. Contains N-[2-(piperazin-1-yl)ethyl]C18-insaturated alkylamide. May cause allergic reactions.
P-phrases:	P273 P280 P303+P361+ P353 P305+P351+ P338	<ul> <li>Avoid release in the environment.</li> <li>Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face shield.</li> <li>IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin with water/ shower.</li> <li>IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> </ul>

# 2.3 Other hazards

PBT: not applicable. vPvB: not applicable. Endocrine disrupting properties: not applicable

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

# 3.1 Substances

Not applicable, product is a mixture

# 3.2 Mixture

Hazardous ingredients:

Ingredient	(REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	CAS number EINECS number REACH registration number
< 1.0 % N-[2-(piperazin-1-yl)ethyl]C18- insaturated-alkylamide	Acute tox 4 ; H302 Skin corr. 1B ; H314 Skin sens. 1A ; H317 Aquatic acute 1: H400 Aquatic chronic 1 ; H410 M-factor = 1	1228186-18-2 629-767-5 01-2119491298-25-0003

# SECTION 4: First aid measures 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information:

Always assess the safety of the accident site before attempting to rescue casualties and provide first aid.

After inhalation: Not relevant



After contact with skin: Wash with soap and water, remove residues with cooking oil.

After contact with eyes: Rinse with water for a few minutes with the eyelids open.

After ingestion: Consult a doctor if symptoms persist.

Self-protection of the first aider: No special instructions required.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

### 4.3 Information on immediate medical assistance or specialised treatment

No information available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1 Extinguishing agent

Suitable extinguishing agents: Foam, powder, water in spray jet

Unsuitable extinguishing agents: Full water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

Thermal decomposition produces white to yellowish vapours of hydrocarbon compounds, lighter than air, as well as CO2, CO, H2S and SOx.

# 5.3 Instructions for firefighting

Special firefighting procedures: No special procedures required.

Special protective equipment for firefighting: Use self-contained breathing apparatus.

### SECTION 6: Measures in the event of accidental release 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

# 6.2 Environmental protection measures

Do not allow to enter waterways or drains.

# 6.3 Methods and material for retention and cleaning

Pick up with sand or sawdust and shear off.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

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See Section 13 for information on disposal.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage 7.1 Protective measures for safe handling

Measures for preventing fires:

Keep away from direct sources of ignition.

Measures for preventing aerosol and dust formation:

Not relevant for this product.

Measures for protecting the environment:

Do not allow to enter waterways or drains.

Advice on general hygiene in the workplace:

Keep away from food and drink, do not eat, drink or smoke while working; Wash hands before breaks and after work

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage in consideration of incompatibilities

Technical measures and storage conditions: Store in frost-proof conditions.

Packaging materials: Original container

Requirements for storage rooms and containers: Keep material locked away.

Storage instructions: No known intolerances.

Storage class: 10 according to VCI

- Substances to be avoided: Not relevant under normal storage conditions
- Further information on storage conditions Keep material well sealed.

# 7.3 Specific end uses

Specific use(s): 1.2; no further relevant information available.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protective equipment 8.1 Parameters to be monitored

Substance name: **Bitumen** CAS no.: 8052-42-4

DNEL values workers Long-term exposure - systemic effects: Inhalative DNEL 2.88 mg/m<sup>3</sup>



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Substance name: N-[2-(piperazin-1-yl)ethyl]C18-insaturated-alkylamide CAS no.: 1228186-18-2

**DNEL** values Worker Long-term exposure - systemic effects: Dermal DNEL 2.1 mg/kg KG/d Inhalative DNEL 14.7 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**PNEC** values 10 mg/kg (soil) 50 mg/l (sewage treatment plants) 0.023 mg/kg (seawater sediment) 0.00002 mg/l (seawater) 0.23 mg/kg (freshwater sediment) 0.0002 mg/l (freshwater)

# 8.2 Exposure controls and monitoring

Suitable technical control equipment: No special requirements

Personal protective equipment:

Eye protection:	Safety goggles
Skin protection:	Suitable work clothing
Hand protection:	Protective gloves (nitrile)
Respiratory protection:	Not required

Limitation and monitoring of environmental exposure: Not applicable

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties** 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Aggregate state Colour Odour Melting point/freezing point Boiling point or start of boiling and boiling range Flammability Lower explosion limit Upper explosion limit Flash point Ignition temperature Decomposition temperature pH-value Kinematic viscosity Solubility Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	liquid brown bitumen-like n/d 100 °C n/d n/a n/a n/d n/d n/d n/d 1 - 2.5 $10.2 - 102.4 mm^2/s (40 °C)$ highly miscible with water n/a
Kinematic viscosity Solubility	10.2 – 102.4 mm²/s (40 °C) highly miscible with water

n/d = not determined



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# 9.2 Other information

No further safety-relevant information available

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity 10.1 Reactivity

No hazardous reactions are to be expected if used as intended.

# **10.2 Chemical stability**

The product is stable under normal ambient conditions and under the temperature and pressure conditions to be expected during storage and handling.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions known if handled as directed.

# 10.4 Conditions to avoid

No conditions known to be avoided if handled as directed.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Has a strong oxidising effect on metals due to the low pH value and the water content.

# **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

No hazardous decomposition products known, if handled as directed and moderately heated.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# N-[2-(piperazin-1-yl)ethyl]C18-insaturated-alkylamide:

Acute oral: LD50(rat): 1000 mg/kg

# **Bitumen:**

Acute oral:	LD50 rat Dose: > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD 401 Test substance: 64741-56-6
Acute inhalative:	LC50 rat Dose: > 94.4 mg/m3 Method: OECD 403 Test substance: Bitumen, vapour aerosol
Acute dermal:	LD50 rabbit Dose: > 2,000 mg/kg Method: OECD 402 Test substance: 64741-56-6



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Repeated dose toxicity:

NOAEC inhalative Dose: 103.9 mg/m3 (systemic); Method: OECD 413 Test substance: Mixture of 64742-93-4 and 64741-56-6, Form: Aerosol of oxidised bitumen vapour condensate; Based on available data, the product is not classified for specific target organ toxicity at repeated exposure.

NOAEL dermal; dose: >=2000 mg/kg/day (systemic); Method: OECD 410, test substance: 64741-56-6, form: semi-solid;

Corrosive/irritant effect on the skin: Causes skin irritation.

# Severe eye damage/irritation:

Causes serious eye irritation

Sensitisation of the respiratory tract/skin: May cause allergic reactions.

### **Bitumen:**

Sensitisation of the skin

Guinea pig Result: not sensitising Method: OECD 406 Test substance: 64741-56-6 Form: semi-solid;

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Bitumen:**

Genotoxicity in vitro

Ames test Result: negative with metabolic activation Method: modified Ames test according to ASTM E 1687 Test substance: 8052-42-4

#### Carcinogenicity:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Bitumen:

Carcinogenic effect

Rat Test substance: Mixture of 64742-93-4 and 64741-56-6 Method: OECD 451 Inhalation; NOAEC (carcinogenic): > 103.9 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Chronic

Mouse Test substance: 8052-42-4 Method: OECD 453 dermal Result: negative Chronic



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Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Bitumen:

Reproductive toxicity/fertility:	Test substance: Asphalt, oxidised Method: OECD 422 NOAEC inhalation: 300 mg/m3 (CSA) Form: Vapour condensate;
Reproductive toxicity/teratogenicity:	Test substance: Asphalt, oxidised Method: OECD Guideline 422 NOAEC; Dose 300 mg/m3 (subchronic rat) Inhalation; Form: Vapour condensate;

Specific target organ toxicity at single exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity with repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Danger of aspiration: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **11.2 Further information:**

The classification was carried out according to the calculation method of the Preparations Directive.

# **SECTION 12: Environmental information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

No further relevant data available

# N-[2-(piperazin-1-yl)ethyl]C18-insaturated-alkylamide:

Acute toxicity to fish:	LC50(Brachydanio rerio) Dose: 0.33 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:	EC50(Daphnia magna) Dose: 0.44 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
	NOFC(Daphnia magna) Dose: 0.37 mg/l Exposure time: 21 h
Algae toxicity:	NOEC(Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) Dose: 0.037 mg/l Exposure time: 72h



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### **Bitumen:**

Acute toxicity in fish:		LL50	Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) Dose: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test substance: Oxidised bitumen Method: QSAR
Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:		LL50	Species: Daphnia magna (large water flea) Dose: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test substance: Oxidised bitumen Method: QSAR
Toxicity to algae and aquatic plants:		EL50	Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata Dose: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test substance: Oxidised bitumen Method: (Q)SAR
Toxicity to microorganisms:			LL50 Species: Tetrahymena pyriformis Dose: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 40 h Test substance: Oxidised bitumen Method: QSAR
Fish toxicity (chronic toxicity):	LL50		Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) Dose: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 28 h Test substance: Oxidised bitumen Method: QSAR
Toxicity to daphnia and others Aquatic invertebrates (chronic toxicity):	NOEL		Species: Daphnia magna Dose: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 21 h Test substance: Oxidised bitumen Method: QSAR

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

N-[2-(piperazin-1-yl)ethyl]C18-insaturated-alkylamide OECD 301 28d:36% Not readily biodegradable.

Bitumen Not readily biodegradable.

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

#### Bitumen

Bioaccumulation is unlikely due to the high molecular weight. Bioaccumulative potential (partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)): no data available

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

No further relevant data available



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# 12.5 Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

No further relevant data available

# 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No further relevant data available

# 12.7 Other adverse effects

Water hazard class 2 (according to calculation rule for preparations AwSV)

# **SECTION 13: Notes on disposal**

Product:After appropriate conditioning, subject to thermal treatment.Packaging:Dispose of container in accordance with packaging regulations and national regulations.Waste code:ÖNORM 2100, code number 54 407<br/>EN waste catalogue: 17 03 02

#### SECTION 14: Transport details 14.1 UN number

Not applicable.

# 14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

# 14.3 Transport hazard classes

Not applicable.

# 14.4 Packaging group

Not applicable.

# 14.5 Environmental hazards

Not applicable.

# 14.6 Special precautions for the user

Not applicable.

# 14.7 Transport of bulk cargo by sea in accordance with IMO instruments

Not applicable.



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# **SECTION 15: Legislation**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# **National regulations**

REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended Water hazard class (Germany):WgK 2 (significantly hazardous to water)

# 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this product.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

The information is based on the current state of knowledge and experience. This data sheet describes products with regard to safety requirements. The information does not have the meaning of a guarantee of properties.

Clear indication of changes: Changes to the previous version are marked with the asterisk \* in the right-hand margin. Abbreviations and acronyms (Q)SAR = Quantitative structure-activity relationship ADN = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways ADR = Agreement on the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AGW = limit value for exposure at the workplace ASTM = International Standards Institute ATE = acute toxicity estimate AwSV = Ordinance on Installations for Handling Substances Hazardous to Water BCF = bioconcentration factor BGW = biological limit value CAS No. = Chemical Abstracts Service Number CLP = classification, labelling and packaging Classification, labelling and packaging CMR = carcinogen, mutagen or reproductive toxin CSA = chemical safety assessment CSR = chemical safety report DMEL = derived exposure level with minimal impairment DNEL = derived exposure level without impairment EC50 = The effective concentration of a substance that causes 50% of the maximum possible reaction. EC number = EINECS and ELINCS number (see also EINECS and ELINCS) EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances EL50 = effective level 50% IATA = International Air Transport Association IC50 = inhibitory concentration 50% ICAO-TI = Technical Instructions for the Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Air IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Kow = octanol-water partition coefficient Koc = organic soil carbon to water partition coefficient LC50 = lethal concentration for 50% of a test population LD50 = lethal dose for 50% of a test population (median lethal dose) LGK = storage class LL50 = lethal load 50% LOAEC = lowest concentration with observable adverse effect LOAEL = lowest observed adverse effect level MAK = maximum workplace concentration NOAEC = concentration with no observable adverse effect NOAEL = dose with no observable adverse effect NOEC = highest exposure concentration of a substance without observed effects



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- NOEL = highest dose of a substance with no observed effects
- OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
- PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance
- PEC = estimated effect concentration
- PNEC = estimated no-effect concentration
- RID = Regulations on the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail QSAR = Quantitative/Qualitative Structure-Effect Relationship
- SVHC = substances of very high concern
- STEL = maximum workplace concentration (MAK) short-term value
- TLV = maximum workplace concentration (MAK)
- TRGS = Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances
- TWA = maximum workplace concentration (MAK) daily average value
- UVCB = substances with unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products and biological materials
- VCI = German Chemical Industry Association
- vPvB = very persistent and very bioaccumulative

#### Important literature references and data sources:

Information from our suppliers and data from the "Database of registered substances" of the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) were used to prepare this safety data sheet.

#### Methods used for product categorisation:

The classification for health, physico-chemical and environmental hazards was derived from a combination of calculation methods and, if available, test data.

#### Full text of the H & P phrases referred to in items 2 and 3:

- H302: Harmful if ingested.
- H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H317: May cause allergic skin reactions.
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
- H400: Very toxic to water organisms.
- H410: Very toxic to water organisms with long-term effect.
- H412: Harmful for water organisms, with long-term effect.

#### Notes on training courses:

Workers must be regularly trained in the safe handling of the products based on the information in the safety data sheet and the local conditions of the workplace.

National regulations on the training of employees in the handling of hazardous substances must be observed.